

## UPHOLDS FRIEDMANN AND TURTLE SERUM

Prof. Schleich of Berlin Says  
U. S. Government Ad-  
vised "Cure."

### SAW PATIENTS RECOVER

Asserts Method Immensely Su-  
perior to Others in Heal-  
ing Tuberculosis.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
BERLIN, July 6.—Prof. C. L. Schleich, the associate of Dr. Friedmann in the use of turtle serum for the cure of tuberculosis, has a long article in the *Tagblatt* in defense of the latter against the charge of advertising his cure in the press. Prof. Schleich contends that it is not Dr. Friedmann but the very importance of the question that has aroused interest.

"It is Dr. Friedmann's fault that soon after his first address before the Berlin Medical Association the United States Government issued a white book about Dr. Friedmann's treatment and made that book generally available in many thousands of copies," asks Prof. Schleich. "What greater advertisement could there have been than this spontaneous, gigantic exclamation mark of such a highly respected Government?"

In discussing his observations of the treatment of Friedmann patients here Prof. Schleich says: "In cases of patients suffering from tuberculosis of the lungs I have seen those of a sickly constitution almost regularly recover their natural color. I have seen a whole series of grave cases of tuberculosis of the joints, which already had been condemned by leading surgeons to maiming and grave operations, cleanly and ideally healed by injections of Dr. Friedmann's serum."

"I consider it my plain duty," continues Prof. Schleich, "to confirm with the widest publicity that a means of healing tuberculosis has been found which is immensely superior to all other methods of fighting this disease."

The *Lokalanzeiger* quotes Dr. Friedmann as saying in an interview: "I have the most keen desire to make my specific free as soon as possible. I have no intention whatever of keeping it a secret, nor any inclination to heap up wealth through the serum."

### FRIEDMANN CURE ATTACKED.

Pittsburg Physicians Say Its Value Is Not Great.

PITTSBURG, July 6.—Dr. F. F. Friedmann's turtle serum as a quick cure for tuberculosis was discredited in the report of four Pittsburg physicians appointed to investigate the effects of the serum upon David S. McCann, an attorney of Pittsburg, the first American patient who went to Berlin to take the cure.

The commission was composed of Drs. G. G. Rambo and A. Letevre, president and director respectively of the Pasteur Institute, and two private physicians who for professional reasons asked that their names be not published. Following is the substance of the commission's findings:

First—The Friedmann treatment for tuberculosis is applied at least to pulmonary cases is not the quick, positive and absolute cure that humanity hoped for, and the extravagant claims made for it in this respect are not borne out.

Second—The serum treatment, when extended over a long period and under favorable conditions, has been found to have considerable merit and to produce what physicians term an "arrested" condition of the disease. While failing to eliminate all traces of tubercular bacilli and thus failing to arrest active progress of tuberculosis causes improvement of the general condition of the patient, increases immunity to the disease, causes infected portions of the lungs to become healed over and closed with connective tissue and in general produces results unquestionably beneficial to the patient.

Fourth—The benefits, however, do not appear to be sufficient to warrant tubercular patients giving up other well established, beneficial and safe methods of treatment, and at least not until the serum and its effects are better understood by the medical community generally and are more thoroughly tested.

The patient's own conclusion is that the Friedmann cure is positively a remedy for tuberculosis and will bring about some improvement in all cases which are not too far advanced.

### OBTAIN MORE GERMAN SECRETS.

Trenton Wanders Into Paris With Plans of Aeroplane Gun.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, July 6.—The French army authorities, who recently got possession of Germany's airship secrets when the Zeppelin dirigible landed in Lunville, have succeeded in getting the plans devised by the Krupps for a gun to be used against aeroplanes.

While it is not admitted directly by the French Minister of War or by the police it is clear from the story given here that the French authorities know all the details of the newest aeroplane gun and will proceed to manufacture one themselves or improve on it.

The fact became public yesterday when the police here told of a German named Rudowicz who applied at a police station for aid in finding friends here and also for food. The man carried a satchel, and finally through an interpreter he admitted he had walked all the way from Essen, carrying with him the drawings of the gun. He said he had worked as a draughtsman in the Krupp gun works. He had a companion, he said, who had made \$2,000 by selling secrets of the Krupp works and he thought he might make money himself in the same way. He said he could not gain admission to the French Minister of War, but the general impression is that the Krupp secret is already in the hands of the French Government.

### KING GEORGE ENTERTAINS.

He and Queen Mary Celebrate 20th Wedding Anniversary.

LONDON, July 6.—King George and Queen Mary celebrated to-day the twentieth anniversary of their marriage. They spent the day quietly, remaining indoors. Letters and telegrams of congratulation reached them from all over the United Kingdom and from friends in the United States.

In honor of the occasion the King ordered luncheon served for himself, the Queen and their children in the palace.

### PRES. LOWELL ENTERTAINED.

Herrick Gives Luncheon in Paris for Harvard's "Pres."

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, July 6.—Myron T. Herrick, the American Ambassador, gave a luncheon to-day in honor of President Lowell of Harvard University and Mrs. Lowell. Among the guests were M. Dubost, President of the Senate; M. Deschanel, President of the Chamber of Deputies; M. Gabriel Hanotaux, Deputy Siegfried, M. Liard, vice-rector of the Academie de Paris; Baron Densa-Cochin, Prof. Landouzy, Justice James W. Gerard, who has been nominated as American Ambassador at Berlin; Perry Belmont, Edward Tuck and James H. Hyde.

President Lowell's visit forms the subject of an editorial in the *Temps*, in which it is remarked that a majority of the French people know little of the great importance of the role played by the universities of the United States. The *Temps* continues:

"For the greater part of Europeans the United States is a gigantic manufactory. Such judgment is mistaken. The intellectual and moral life is intense, autonomous and powerful, and the universities form the centre of this life."

"Prof. Lowell became president of Harvard when French culture was in high favor there. Germany had reigned incontestably prior to that time, but the reaction was free from excess. It recognized the value which German science had given to French methods and the credit which the latter merited. No one was better fitted than President Lowell to insure that credit to the French methods."

### CAVALIERI DENIES BETROTHAL.

Not Engaged "at the Moment," She Tells "Sun" Correspondent.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, July 6.—The Paris edition of the *Daily Mail* announced to-day the engagement of Lina Cavallieri, the operatic star, and Lucien Muratore, the tenor, who is to sing with her in Boston during the coming season. The *Sun* correspondent called at Mme. Cavallieri's apartments this afternoon to ascertain whether or not the report was true. The singer was in the country, where she was reached by telephone. In reply to a question as to whether or not she was engaged, Mme. Cavallieri said "pas pour le moment," that is not yet.

### JAPANESE DELEGATES TO FACE CALIFORNIANS

Soyeda and Kamiya Will Try to Dispel Hostile Feeling.

Efforts to bring about a more friendly attitude toward the Japanese in California will be made in San Francisco in the next three weeks by Baron Juichi Soyeda and T. Kamiya, delegates to this country from Japanese chambers of commerce.

These two men, who have come to this country to study the American sentiment toward the Japanese and who have spent several weeks in this city, will be in San Francisco within ten days and their chief mission there will be to dispel the idea that Japan is inclined to war with this country and that the Japanese have a sinister motive in California.

An attempt will be made to have the leaders of the various warring factions in California meet both Soyeda and Kamiya in San Francisco and to discuss with them the causes of the hostile feeling.

A big dinner will be held in San Francisco a few days before the two men sail from that city for Japan. At that gathering Soyeda and Kamiya will outline to the Californians the attitude of Japan to this country and specially their views on the California alien land question.

Although the two men deny they are representatives of the Government they undoubtedly will report to their Government when they return what they have learned concerning the sentiment toward the Japanese here.

Soyeda is a Cambridge man, ex-president of the Industrial Bank of Japan and general manager of the Oriental Emigration Company, which carries Japanese to Mexico and to places in South America. Kamiya is a representative of a Japanese Chamber of Commerce.

### CAN'T MUZZLE EDITOR SCOTT.

Patterson Man Again Assails Courts in His Newspaper.

PATTERSON, N. J., July 6.—At the Haledon strikers' meeting to-day, detectives were much interested in the distribution of copies of the *Weekly Issue*, in which Alexander Scott, the editor, under sentence from one to fifteen years for "inciting hostility to the Government," again demonstrated that neither he nor his paper are to be muzzled.

The first page blazed with this headline: "To Hell With Justice, Spells the Action of the Patterson Courts. Outrageous Proceedings Against Quinlan; Suddenly Grabbed and Juggled."

Not more than 4,000 persons attended the meeting, which was called a "protest against murder and against the sentencing of Pat Quinlan."

Adolph Lewis said it was a protest against the Mayor issuing permits to strikebreakers and against the use of "bull dogs" to kill the strikers. He said that not one of the 1,300 strikers arrested since the strike began was found with a weapon in his possession.

Big Bill Haywood again insisted that the killing of Modesto was "the work of the manufacturers."

"These murders have gone unavenged," he said, "and the strikers have been thrown into jail for exercising the right of free speech and for exercising the right of free assembly."

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn was kept away from the meeting by an attack of indigestion. Carlo Tresca spoke in Italian. All the speakers urged the strikers to get on the picket line to-morrow.

**TIFFANY & Co.**  
FIFTH AVENUE AND 37th STREET

**JEWELRY PEARLS DIAMONDS  
SILVER BRONZES CLOCKS  
WATCHES CHINA STATIONERY**

LONDON 221 REGENT STREET PARIS PLACE DE L'OPERA

### NEW BALKAN WAR BEGINS OFFICIALLY

Final Diplomatic Rupture Between Serbia and Bulgaria Reported.

### ALL CLAIM VICTORIES

Russia Said to Be Preparing Her Troops for Even-tualities.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, July 7.—It is reported that the final diplomatic rupture between Serbia and Bulgaria occurred yesterday and it is now officially recognized that war is on. It is predicted that as the whole of both armies are now engaged the issue will be decided in a few days.

The Bulgarians and Serbians are still inflicting smashing defeats on each other at identical times and places. The victory always rests with the army from whose capital the news comes.

The fighting apparently continues on a big scale on the frontier and either side of it, but no independent reports are available and the others are utterly contradictory.

A Serbian statement puts the Bulgarian casualties last week at 20,000 to 25,000 and the Serbian losses at 15,000. The Greeks claim to have captured Delran, about forty miles northwest of Salonica, and are reported to be marching to the aid of the Serbians.

Correspondents at Belgrade report that there was a savage reception there of a batch of Bulgarian prisoners. As they passed through the streets the populace hooted and jeered at them. They also indulged in cat calls and even assaulted some of the prisoners.

An unnamed diplomat at Belgrade is quoted by Francis McCullagh, a war correspondent, as saying that the prisoners were paraded beneath the windows of King Peter's palace. The King stood on the balcony and grinned at their humiliation. The faces of the prisoners expressed rage and anguish.

It is said at Vienna that Austria has arranged a bargain to receive Bulgaria in return for territorial concessions to Rumania. It is rumored that the Russian garrisons in the southern and southwestern part of Russia are being mobilized for possible eventualities.

### DELAY PEACE AT RAND MINES.

Dissatisfaction Over Terms of Strike Settlement.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
JOHANNESBURG, July 6.—The terms of settlement agreed on yesterday between the Government officials, a representative of the mine owners and the leaders of the striking Rand miners have not been accepted universally and definite restoration of order is not yet assured. There has been no further rioting, but the anarchic spirit still pervades a large number of the strikers.

The employment of soldiers in quelling the riots is resented by the strikers, who had not bargained for swords and bullets. Lord Gladstone, the Governor-General of South Africa, is held responsible for the military methods which were adopted, and the mention of his name was greeted with hooting at a meeting of the miners this afternoon. A suggestion that he be sent back to England was greeted with wild cheering.

The leaders who spoke at this meeting assured the strikers that they had won a tremendous victory and pleaded that they obey the order to resume work, but it is decidedly doubtful whether or not the men will comply. Even those who are most disposed to resume work do not think the terms agreed upon on Saturday are favorable enough to them. Others say these terms are altogether unsatisfactory, while a large number who went out for a fight have not announced what they will do.

The leaders appealed to those who were able to do so to attend the funeral to-morrow of those who were killed in the rioting. The speakers declared that these men were "martyrs to a glorious cause." Some people think that before to-morrow passes there will be more fighting and more "martyrs."

A mob at Benoni exploded a bomb in front of the branch office of the *Johannesburg Star*. No one was hurt. They also burned the cottages of sympathizers with the Kleinfontein strike breakers.

### ELKS FILLING ROCHESTER.

Leach of New York Roomed for Grand Exalted Ruler.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 6.—Rochester is the mecca for all Elksdom. Special trains from every section of the country brought scores and scores of members of the order here to-day. Delegations began to arrive early and at a late hour to-night the trains are still discharging their human freight.

The delegations are from all parts of the country, many arriving from the West.

Grand Exalted Ruler Thomas B. Mills got in shortly after noon. He was met by the Elks band, a big reception committee and a uniformed escort of sixty men. He was escorted to Seneca Hotel, where he will have headquarters.

A feature of the gathering is the fact that many of the Elks are accompanied by their wives. All of the candidates for grand office have opened headquarters and politics is warming up. Edward Leach of New York City is being strongly boomed for grand exalted ruler.

### AMERICAN SUICIDE IN PARIS.

Young Woman Interested in Aviation Takes Poison.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, July 6.—Miss MacDuff, or McDuff, committed suicide at Villebon, near here, last week. She was 29 years of age, good looking and said to be wealthy. She arrived at Villebon a month ago under the escort of an Englishman. Both displayed keen interest in aviation and paid frequent visits to the aerodrome at Villacoublay. It is said the girl had already made flights in America. The Englishman is said to have left England to marry Miss MacDuff.

For some reason the young woman became morose and took poison. She was taken first to a Paris hospital and thence to the American Hospital, where she died on Thursday in great agony. The body was shipped to America secretly.

The aviators at Villacoublay say the dead woman went to that place to forget a love affair in America. She hoped to find a place in aviation.

### PRINCE TAKEKITO VERY ILL.

Head of Collateral Branch of Mikado's Family.

TOKYO, July 6.—Prince Takekito, head of the House of Arisugawa-No-Miya, the collateral branch of the imperial family, is critically ill with tuberculosis. He was born in 1862 and served with distinction in the war with China.

### RUSHING U. S. TROOPS TO PROTECT EL PASO

Gen. Scott on Border Hears Juarez Will Be Attacked Wednesday.

EL PASO, TEX., July 6.—Moved by a skirmish this morning between Federal soldiers from the Juarez garrison and rebel ammunition engineers twelve miles from Juarez, and by receipt of a personal warning from Pancho Villa that the rebel attack would be made upon Juarez Wednesday, Gen. Hugh L. Scott began this afternoon ordering in extra United States cavalry to protect El Paso.

The commander of the United States border guard sent a message calling in all of the Fifth cavalry from Fort Huachuca, Arizona, and part of the Ninth from border duty in Arizona. He also sent orders to some of the Thirteenth cavalry on guard along the New Mexico border to come into El Paso at once.

The rebel commander, sent a personal message by courier to Gen. Scott to-day informing him that his army was beginning to move in the direction of Juarez and that he expected to attack by Wednesday. It is inferred from this that the cannon and machine guns which were being brought overland to the rebel leader from Agua Prieta, Sonora, have reached him.

MEXICO CITY, July 6.—*El Independiente*, principal owners of which, Banfi brothers, are the sons of an American, published an anti-American editorial to-day under the caption "For the Honor of the Flag."

The editorial urges Mexicans to resent the incident at Tucson, Ariz., on July 4, when the Mexican flag flying over the consulate there was torn down and trampled upon. The paper goes on to say:

"From all corners of this country there surges a burst of indignation for the insult which Mexico suffered at the hands of the rabble whose natural stupidity was enhanced by the effects of whiskey. This should not cause us any surprise. The irritating Saxon self-complacency has never shown any respect for the traditions of Latin culture, from which the world's civilization took root. It is incapable of comprehending the tragic meaning of our internal struggle."

"For the Yankee nothing counts save the richness of our soil, which they can no longer exploit as they did under the Porfirian dictatorship. We trust that our Ministry of Foreign Affairs will rise to the height of its duty in these moments, as we must not tolerate that hoof of the golden calf to leave its infamous prints upon the oriflamme of our country."

The Tribune and other papers handle the flag incident in a sensational manner. *El Imparcial*, however, treats it in a dignified way and makes no comment. Senior Pereira, the acting Minister of State, says the incident was doubtless the work of Mexican rebels, who wished to embroil the Mexican and American Governments, and full explanations are expected from Washington.

### QUAKERS GO AFTER MASHERS.

Twenty Policemen to Stop Filtrating in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.—Director Porter will organize to-morrow a squad of twenty men who have been on the police force for at least ten years and are putting them under a sergeant who will send them out in plain clothes to catch the "mashers" that infest the streets in the centre of the city.

Filtrating in and around the railroad terminals and near city hall has become so flagrant that last week no less than eleven men were arrested for forcing their attentions upon women.

### Dies of Tuberculosis Woman by Blow.

Philip Skelly, 35 years old, a laborer, died in St. Vincent's Hospital yesterday of tuberculosis. His jaw was fractured as the result of an assault some time ago. He caught cold in the wound and was taken to the hospital suffering from pneumonia, which developed into tuberculosis.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Beginning this morning the semi-annual

## Sale of Men's Suits

Consisting of our three garment models, in that liberal variety of fabrics, weights and colorings which is one of the pillars of our reputation. Designed and tailored and finished with that perfection in each process which gives Saks Clothes their individual character and style. Shown in regulation models and the new close-fitting English models, and exhibiting all the season's vagaries of fashion, such as soft roll collars, fronts and lapels, trim sleeves and patch pockets. Half, quarter or eighth lined.

Former prices:  
\$28, \$30, \$35, \$38, \$40 and \$43  
**at \$23**

All our \$3 and \$4  
Men's Straws  
reduced today  
to \$1.75

q There are 2,000 straws in this sale, comprising splits, Mackinaws, sennits and Swiss Veddos, in all of the season's newest crowns and brims, and in all sizes—in fact, every shape and style of straw hat in vogue among smart men this Summer. It is a big opportunity at today's price, but remember it is the man who comes early that always gets away with the plums, for obviously the \$4 hats will be first to secure engagements.

Also note this:  
q Reductions of one-third on Panamas, Bangkoks, French Palms, and superfine hats generally; which means that on hats which would ordinarily cost from \$5 to \$20 you are entitled from now on to a rebate of one-third.

Sale of Men's  
Athletic Underwear  
35c per garment  
600 Garments were \$1.50.  
1160 Garments were 75c.  
1420 Garments were 50c.

q More than 3,000 garments left from several recent big underwear offerings will go on our counters today at a uniform price of 35c. per garment, without regard to their past. The assortment includes half silk, mercerized cotton, and fancy plaids and stripes, in white, blue, tan, and lavender. All sleeveless shirts and knee-length drawers.

And note this:  
q 800 Union Suits, including 300 of the celebrated "Roxford" Union Suits, sold regularly at \$1 and \$1.50, will be offered in today's sale at 79c. per suit. Sleeveless, and knee-length drawers, made of sheer checked lawn and fancy striped Madras.

## Men's \$4, \$4.50 & \$5 Low Shoes

reduced to \$3.45

q This sale begins today and continues all week, but today is the logical day to be sure of getting your particular size in the particular model and leather you want. These shoes are surplus lines taken from our regular stock, and priced at a uniform figure for immediate clearance. It is hardly necessary to say that the selection embraces the season's choicest models, for it is recruited from a stock that is composed of nothing else. But the assortments are not up to the required standard and so we are willing to make a sacrifice to clean them out. Blucher and straight lace styles, in patent leather, gun metal calf, tan Russia calf, and both tan and black vici kid.

## SUN'S HEAT WILL FORECAST WEATHER

Prof. Frost Predicts a Revolution in the Agricultural World.

TESTS WILL TAKE YEARS  
May Be Able to Tell the Temperature Six Months in Advance.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Great interest was manifested here to-day among the scientists as the result of a published statement of Prof. Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory, to the effect that it has been determined that the "solar constant" is in fact a variable quantity and that the effect of the change is not appreciable on earth until as long as six months after the change.

For this reason Prof. Frost is of the opinion that eventually it may be possible to determine general weather conditions that far ahead; in other words, that careful observations of solar conditions will indicate what conditions may prevail on the earth later.

It also learned that in addition to the observations made by Prof. Frost, similar observations have been made by Prof. H. H. Kimball, for the Government at the station on Mount Weather.

In his statement Prof. Frost declares that careful observations indicate that the late Prof. S. P. Langley placed his estimate for the amount of heat absorbed by the earth at too high a figure. Prof. Frost, in his statement says in part:

"One of the fundamental questions in astronomy regarding the solar system is this quantity of heat received from the sun. Its precise determination was undertaken by the late Prof. S. P. Langley while he was astronomer at the Allegheny Observatory and before he became secretary of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. He continued the investigation in Washington by inventing the bolometer, which registers changes in temperature to one one-millionth of a degree."

Prof. Langley's Devices.

"He devised methods whereby a photographic record could be obtained of the amount of heat being received from the solar rays of all the different kinds from those rays invisible to our eyes, but most potent in respect to heat; from the different kinds of rays to which the eyes are sensitive, ranging from the red through the different keys to the violet; and also extending beyond the violet to the rays which the eye is unable to re-

ceive and to which the photographic plate is very sensitive.

"He was assisted by C. G. Abbott and P. E. Fowle, who are now able to publish the results of 700 determinations made in ten years at sea level and at Mount Wilson (8,000 feet) and Mount Whitney (14,500 feet), in southern California.

"These observations show that the solar constant is 1.93 'small calories' per centimeter per minute, or 19 engineers' calories per square meter per minute. The engineer's calorie is 1,000 times as large as the 'small calorie.' Langley and others represented the small calorie at from 2.5 to 3, which is shown to be 50 per cent. too high.

A Variable Star.

"But the most striking result is the discovery by Abbott and Fowle that the 'solar constant' is not a constant but a variable, in other words, that our sun is a variable star, like hundreds and thousands of others in the sky.

"It was nearly ten years ago that these investigators found evidence that the radiation of the sun was not steady from day to day, and ten years of work has been devoted to determining whether these apparent variations were really in the sun or due to errors of observation or to fluctuations in the absorption by the earth's atmosphere.

"The importance of this discovery of the variation in the sun's heat is probably obvious to the reader. The inhabitants of the earth are entirely dependent for their existence upon the results of agricultural work, and nothing is more certain than that the radiation from the sun lies at the basis of the principal weather elements in the earth's atmosphere.

"It should not be inferred that a sudden startling change in the sun's radiation produces an immediate effect in the terrestrial temperatures. The earth's atmosphere takes up these changes and gradually communicates them to the earth's surface. How soon and to what degree remains to be investigated.

"Continuous study, extended perhaps over many years, will be required to determine if these changes in radiation can be predicted in advance, and if the laws can be determined which govern them. It is evidently a most practical problem, touching the interests of every inhabitant of the earth."

WIRE CLOTHES LINE TOOK BOLT.

Boy Hanging Wet Towels Killed by Lightning.

LANCASTER, Pa., July 6.—In a short county yesterday two persons were killed by lightning. Harry Armes of Lancaster, 24 years old, was struck while fishing on the Conestoga River. Robert E. Holt of Lockhaven, 8 years old, was spending his school vacation with relatives in Drumore township. He was killed while hanging wet towels on a wire clothesline.

WIFE DEAD, HE ENDS LIFE.

Grief Stricken Husband's Body Found on Beach at Neponset.

Mrs. Mary Watson, 22 years old, died yesterday at the Ocean View Hotel at Rockaway Beach of asphyxial poisoning following her confinement two weeks ago. After her death her husband, Thomas, took their baby girl, tried to strangle it with a handkerchief and shot himself in a clump of laurel on the tract of land in Neponset which is to be the city beach park.

Watson's body was found by two brothers, Albert Brooks of Plainfield, N. J., and John Brooks of Yonkers, who were walking on the beach about three blocks from the end of the Ocean Electric Railway in Neponset. They heard the half strangled cry of a baby from a clump of laurel. They looked into the bushes and found Watson dead with a bullet in his head and a revolver in his right hand. By his side was the baby with a handkerchief tight around its neck.

One brother ran to the offices of the Neponset Realty Company and called the Rockaway Hospital, while the other loosened the handkerchief around the baby's neck and did what he could to restore it.

When Dr. Abrams arrived in an ambulance he said the father was dead, but the baby wasn't much the worse for the father's effort to kill it.

Watson was 24 years old and was foreman of a construction gang for the Ritter-Conley Manufacturing Company of Pittsburg, which has just completed a large gas tank at Rockaway Beach.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Summer's Vacation.  
Where Shall We Go?

For children and for all who need a splendid rest among ideal surroundings Colorado, with its clear skies and health-giving, exhilarating air, with its glorious mountain scenery that lifts your soul clean out of the workaday rut, can hardly be equalled in the world as a place to build up health, and enjoy the keenest holiday pleasure from outdoor life.

Now it's my business to lend a friendly hand in planning trips to Colorado. I can relieve you of a lot of trouble. I can give you maps and pictures of the Colorado and a hand book describing the comfortable hotels and boarding houses and what they charge. I can tell you how best to go and arrange for you all the details, and I would like to do it.

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